CT-794
LET'S SEE (Potomac River dory boat)
Solomons, Maryland

LET'S SEE is a 26' long V-bottomed, power wooden dory boat built at River Springs, Maryland in 1934 by Thomas "Buddy" Gibson. The half-decked, plank-on-frame vessel has a beam of 8'8" and a depth of 2'8", with a sharp, plumb stem and a raking transom stern. It was used for oystering and is now on display at the Calvert Marine Museum. LET'S SEE is significant as a rare survival of a very localized type of Bay-area craft, the Potomac River dory boat. It is of special interest because the vessel type follows the "northern model" of construction, using plnak-on-frame methods instead of the more traditional Bay area cross-planked construction methods for small craft. This construction technique is seen on only a few Chesapeake Bay small craft.

Survey No. CT-794

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No. 0507945833

DOE __yes __no

1. Nam	le (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic	LET'S SEE			
and/or common	Potomac River do	ry boat CMM 76-380		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	,			not for publication
city, town	lomons	vicinity of	congressional district	
state	ryland	county	Calvert	
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structurex site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered x not applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted x yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial × educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	'ty (give names an	nd mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name Calv	vert Marine Museum		,	
street & number			telephone no	.: 326-3719
city, town So	olomons	state	and zip code Maryla	nd 20688
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Description	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.			liber
street & number				folio
city, town			state	
6. Repi	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	ys
title				
date			federal state	county loca
apository for su	rvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No. CT-794

excellent deteriorated unaltered original site good ruins altered moved date of move	good	ruins X altered	_	move
--	------	-----------------	---	------

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is a V-bottomed power wooden dory boat used for oystering, built at River Springs, Maryland in 1934 by Thomas "Buddy" Gibson. The half-decked, plank-on-frame boat measures 26' long, with a beam of 8'8" and a depth of 2'8". It has a sharp, plumb stem and a raking transom stern. Painted white, the boat is decorated with red, green, yellow, and brown stripes, and gray and green trim. An unusual survival, the boat is on display at the Calvert Marine Museum in Solomons, where it is exhibited with oystering gear for hand-tonging. The type is known as a Potomac River dory boat.

The boat is planked fore-and-aft over a complete set of double sawn frames. She has hard chines, a sharp, plumb stem, and a straight-sided transom stern with a modified wineglass shape, raked about 30° aft. There is some rocker to the sheer, a short entry, and a long run aft. The sides are well tucked up to the transom. The keel deepens into s skeg aft at the stern, and contains the propellor shaft. The rudder is hung outboard on a free-standing post that straightens the angle of the rake from the transom and provides space for the propellor.

The boat is partially decked and open at the stern; washboards line the sides. There is an enclosed, windowless deckhouse with a door and sliding hatch cover on the foredeck. A 5"-high coaming lines the cockpit. There is a sampson post on the foredeck and a pole mounted inside the transom. Horseshoe-shaped stern sheet line the transom.

The boat was probably built for power and there is an inboard gasoline engine located just aft of midships. The propellor is missing.

After the boat came to the Museum some renovation work was done—the deckhouse had a new roof and slide added, along with new handrails on the cabin roof, and the toe rail was repaired. The metal was replaced around the transom, which was renailed. The boat was also repainted. The hull is white with a brown sheer strake and a red, green, and yellow stripe below the sheer. The stern sheets are green and the cabin roof and culling board are gray. The floorboards are unpainted.

The boat is in fair condition, open at the seams. As displayed, it is set up for oystering, with a culling board laid athwartships, two pairs of hand tongs, and a shovel. A 14"-high bulkhead amidships provides a separate compartment for carrying oysters, away from the engine and steering box. Oyster shells cover the forward section of the floorboards.

Period prehis 1400-1 1500-1 1600-1 1700-1 1800-1 1900-	499 archeology-historic 1599 agriculture 1699 architecture 1799 art	check and justify beloes community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlen industry invention	ng landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific d	ates 1934	Builder/Architect	Thomas "Buddy" Gibson	
	Applicable Criteria:A and/or			
H	Applicable Exception:	ABCD	EFG	
]	Level of Significance:	national state	e local	

CT-794

Survey No.

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as a rare survival of a very localized type of Bay-area craft, the Potomac River dory boat. This vessel type was used for tonging for oysters and is displayed with hand-tonging gear at the Calvert Marine Museum. The vessel type is particularly significant because it follows the "northern model" for construction of a V-bottom boat, using plank-on-frame methods instead of the more traditional Bayzarea cross planked construction methods. This construction technique is seen on only a few Chesapeake Bay craft.

"S SEE was built at River Springs, Maryland in 1934 by Thomas "Buddy" Gibson and was used for oystering. Unlike many of the Bay-built small craft, the Potomac River dory boat type was built plank-on-frame rather than with cross-planked construction, although making use of the traditional V-bottom form. According to Howard Chapelle (American Small Sailing Craft), "the northern system required a complete frame system, and the bottom planking was put on fore and aft, as is still done in many small yachts of this hull-form. To allow this build, the hull must adhere to certain fundamental rules and the chine must have quite a sweep in profile forward so that it reaches high on the stem. This feature . . . allows the plank to reach the stempost without a great twist being formed in the lower strakes . . ." Following this model, the LET'S SEE retains a hard chine and V-bottom, but is fore-and-aft planked. The boat is also significant for its distinctive finish: it is decorated with red, green, yellow, and brown stripes on a white hull, and gray and green trim elsewhere on the boat. This vivid coloration is typical of the Potomac River dory boats, as they were characteristically bright in comparison with the majority of the all-white Bay craft.

While this example, the LET'S SEE, seems to have been built for power, the Potomac River dory boats were also built for sail, with two-masted leg-of-mutton rigs.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CT-794

Howard I. Chapelle, American Small Sailing Craft (New York: W.W. Norton & Co., Inc., 1951)
See also, plans of the vessel drawn by W. Hall at the Calvert Marine Museum, Solomons, Md

10. Ged	ographical	Data			
Quadrangle name	ated property do NOT complete		es	Quadra	angle scale
Zone Eastin		Ш	B Zone	Easting	Northing
C			D		
Verbal boundar	ry description and jus	stification			
List all states a	and counties for prop	erties overlap	oing state or	county boundar	ies
state		code	county		code
state		code	county		code
11. For	m Prepare	d By			
name/title	Anne Witty/ M.E.	Hayward			
organization	Maryland Histori	cal Society		date 5/84	
street & number	201 W. Monument	St		telephone 68	5-3750
city or town	Baltimore	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		state Maryla	nd

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

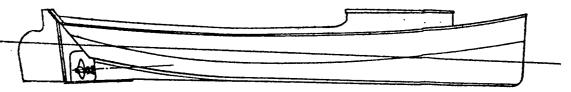
return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438



26' POTOMAC RIVER DORY BOAT - "LETS SEE" (BUILT 1934)

ALAN CHESLEY



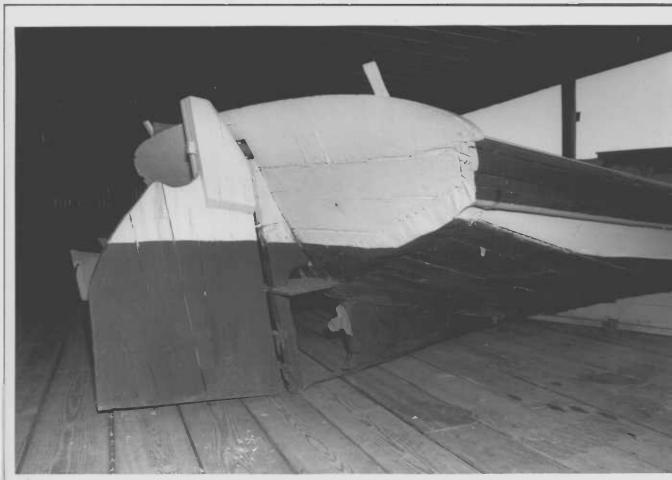
CT-794

bow

LET'S SEE Solomons, Md

M. C. Wootton

4/84



CT - 794

LET'S SEE Solomons, Md

stern M. C. Wootton

4/84



CT - 79'4

LET'S SEE Solomons, Md

stern

M. C. Wootton

4/84